

**SRI BHAGAWAN MAHAVEER JAIN COLLEGE**

Vishweshwarapuram, Bangalore.

Mock Paper-1 (2017-18)**Course:** II PUC**Subject:** ENGLISH**Max. Marks:** 100**Duration:** 3.00 Hrs**I. Answer the following in a word, phrase or a sentence each** **12 x 1=12**

1. When according to Juliet, would all the world be in love with night?
2. Mention one of the reasons for the soldier's refusal to execute the criminal in 'Too Dear'.
3. In 'On Children', God loves the arrow that flies as well as the bow that _____
(a) does not bend (b) breaks (c) is stable.
4. What has replaced bio-diversity according to Vandana Shiva?
5. Who occupied Gonzalo's usual bench in the park?
6. What does the speaker want his beloved to do when she is old in 'When you are Old'?
7. Name one of the things that the child's foot wants to be in 'To the Foot from its Child'.
8. What was Borges' first literary reading?
9. How according to the speaker can one appreciate soup in Japan?
10. What had Marcus promised the voters if he was elected in the forth coming election?
11. Name one of the women who have trained young women from their community in the art of cycling.
12. Name the lady who opposed the kamma landlords in 'Water'.

II Answer any eight of the following (choosing at least two from the poetry) in a paragraph of 80-100 words each. **8 x 4=32**

13. How does Romeo glorify the beauty of Juliet?
14. The criminal led a comfortable life after his release. Explain with reference to 'Too Dear'.
15. 'Your Children are not your Children'. How is this statement relevant with reference to 'On Children'? Explain.
16. Write a note on Earth University mentioned in Vandana Shiva's essay.
17. Narrate how according to Dona Laura and Don Gonzalo the sad love affair of her friend and his cousin ended.
18. Give an account of the strategies used by Tammanna to destroy Basavaiah.
19. Finding precise words is important in the art of poetry. How does Borges justify this in his interview.
20. How is Roof's dilemma brought out in 'The Voter'?
21. The Poem 'When you are Old' brings out the feelings of an eternal lover. Explain.
22. Why is water a mighty movement according to the speaker of 'Water'?

III. Answer the following in about 200 words **1 x 6 =6**

- 23 (a) Conservation of biodiversity sustains both nature and culture. Discuss in the light of Vandana Shiva's essay.

OR

- (b) The Poem 'To the Foot from its Child' is a journey of human life. Elucidate.

OR

- (c) How does the poem 'Water' demonstrate the disparity and discrimination in our society using water as a symbol?

IV. Comprehension Passage **10 x 1=10**

Marie Curie was one of the most accomplished scientists in history. Together with her husband, Pierre, she discovered radium, an element widely used for treating cancer, and studied uranium and other radioactive substances. Pierre and Marie's amicable collaboration later helped to unlock the secrets of the atom.

Marie was born in 1867 in Warsaw, Poland, where her father was a professor of physics. At an early age, she displayed a brilliant mind and a blithe personality. Her great exuberance for learning prompted her to continue with her studies after high school. She became disgruntled, however, when she learned that the university in Warsaw was closed to women. Determined to receive a higher education, she defiantly left Poland and in 1891 entered the Sorbonne, a French university, where she earned her master's degree and doctorate in physics.

Marie was fortunate to have studied at the Sorbonne with some of the greatest scientists of her day, one of whom was Pierre Curie. Marie and Pierre were married in 1895 and spent many productive years working together in the physics laboratory. A short time after they discovered radium, Pierre was killed by a horse-drawn wagon in 1906. Marie was stunned by this horrible misfortune and endured heartbreaking anguish. Despondently she recalled their close relationship and the joy that they had shared in scientific research. The fact that she had two young daughters to raise by herself greatly increased her distress.

Curie's feeling of desolation finally began to fade when she was asked to succeed her husband as a physics professor at the Sorbonne. She was the first woman to be given a professorship at the world-famous university. In 1911 she received the Nobel Prize in chemistry for isolating radium. Although Marie Curie eventually suffered a fatal illness from her long exposure to radium, she never became disillusioned about her work. Regardless of the consequences, she had dedicated herself to science and to revealing the mysteries of the physical world.

24. a. What was radium used for?
 b. At a young age, how is Marie Curie described as being?
 c. What prompted Marie Curie to pursue higher studies after high school?
 d. Why couldn't Marie Curie enroll in the University of Warsaw?
 e. Where did Marie Curie finally complete her master's degree and doctorate in Physics?
 f. What was cause of Madame Curie's increased distress?
 g. What was asked of Marie Curie by the university after the death of her husband?
 h. Why was she awarded the Nobel Prize?
 i. What was the result of her prolonged exposure to radium?
 j. What was Madame Curie's enduring legacy?

25. Read the following lines and answer the questions set on it.

3x1=3

I met a traveller from an antique land,
 Who said---- "Two vast and trunkless legs of stone
 Stand in the desert..... Near them, on the sand,
 Half sunk a shattered visage lies, whose frown,
 And wrinkled lip, and sneer of cold command,
 Tell that its sculptor well those passions read
 Which yet survive, stamped on these lifeless things,
 The hand that mocked them, and the heart that fed;
 And on the pedestal, these words appear:
 My name is Ozymandias, King of Kings;
 Look on my Works, ye Mighty, and despair!
 Nothing beside remains. Round the decay
 Of that colossal Wreck, boundless and bare
 The lone and level sands stretch far away."

- (i) Identify one instance of Alliteration (the occurrence of the same letter or sound at the beginning of adjacent) in the poem?
 (ii) The expression on the face of the statue is one of
 (i) Admiration (ii) anger (iii) despair (iv) contempt
 (iii) (a) The poem is set in
 (i) The wilderness (ii) an ancient land (iii) a palace (iv) a desert

26. Complete the following by filling in the blanks using the right form of the verb given in brackets.

3x1 =3

The rivalry between Tammanna and Basavaiah increased day by day. Two hundred acres of Tammanna's land _____ (acquire) by Basavaiah. A fence _____ (build) around the land. Tammanna _____ (advise) by his supporters about the various means of getting back his land.

27. Report the following conversation.**5 x 1=5**

POP campaigner: we want your vote.

Rufus Okeke: How can I vote for maduka?

POP campaigner. Are you taking his money or not?

Rufus Okeke: will it not be heard outside this house?

POP campaigner: Don't worry about it.

28. Complete the following dialogue**4 x 1=4**

Husband: what would you like me to get for your birthday? A sari or a necklace?

Wife: _____ (Expressing preference)

Husband: _____ (Asking for preference gold or diamond).

Wife: I prefer a Diamond necklace.

Husband: _____ (Accepting)

Wife: _____ (Expressing gratitude)

29. Fill in the blanks by choosing the appropriate expressions given in the brackets.**2 x 1=2**

A lot of women in pudakkottai were unable to wait for 'ladies' cycles. Therefore they had to

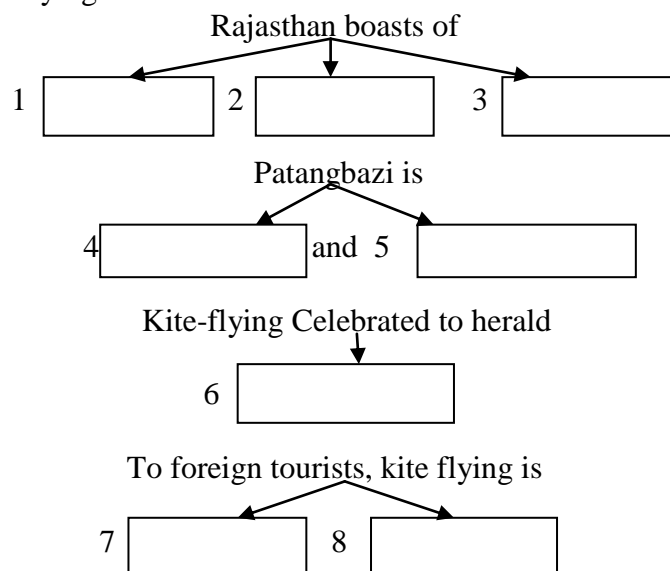
_____ men's cycle. They knew that bicycles _____ time wasted in waiting for buses.

(cut down on, put up with, go in for)**30. Fill in the blanks with the right links.****4 x 1=4**

The General of Monaco asked each of his soldiers to cut the criminals head off _____ no soldier came forward to do it. _____ the ministers of Monaco assembled a commission _____, they appointed a committee and subcommittee. _____ they decided that the best thing would be to after the death sentence to one of life imprisonment.

(besides, but, at last, therefore)**31. Read the following passage and make notes by drawing and filling the boxes given below.****(8x1/2=4)**

Rajasthan boasts of its colorful culture, cheerful people and their extra ordinary passion for kite flying or patangbazi, a special cultural sport and pastime of the region. The kite-flying is celebrated to herald the coming of spring. It is also a leisure sport and a passion among foreign tourists too. The people of Rajasthan enjoy the rich tradition of kite-flying.



32. Write a letter of application in response to the following advertisement which appeared in the Hindu dated is march 2015 (5 Marks)

(Write XXX for name and YYY for address)

WANTED

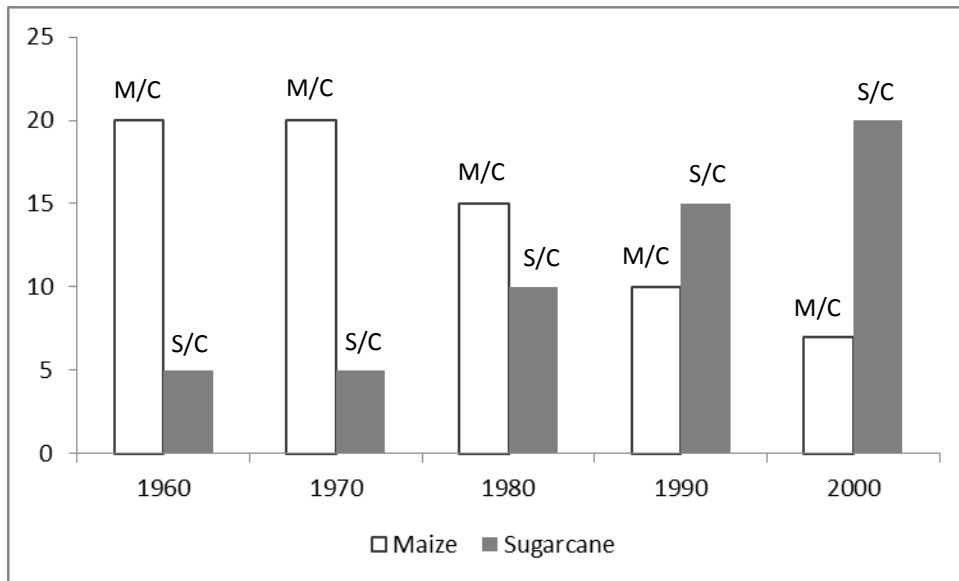
RECEPTIONIST

Qualification: B.Com should know both English and Kannada typewriting.

A good knowledge of computers is required.

Apply to: The personal manager
Laxmi Finance Company
No.166, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Rajajinagar,
Bengaluru.

33. The following vertical bar graph represents data about two major crops ie., maize and sugarcane grown in Karnataka state from 1960 to 2000. Based on the information write a report in about 120 words (5 marks)



- VII. 34. What do the under lined words in the following extract refer to (4x1=4)

Sahu designs the trophies handed over to the winners. These are presented to them with great ceremony. Though Sahu is not a sportsman, his passion for creating the trophies is outstanding. He has his workshop in Bhubaneshwar where he has been living since his childhood.

(a) These (b) His (c) He (d) Where

35. Rearrange the Jumbled segments to form a meaningful sentence (1x1=1)

Knowledge/not just/the source of/was/and/freedom/the forest.
